Quality Measures Guide

Learn about the quality and member experience measures that we track for various programs and annual reporting. This guide includes specifications for measures from the following sources:

- Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS®)
- Pharmacy Quality Alliance (PQA) measures
- Asuris-specific member experience measures

One source supports multiple programs

Each measure in this guide includes the criteria, definitions, denominators, numerators, exclusions and relevant diagnosis or procedure codes required to meet compliance for measures we track for the following quality programs, lines of business or provider agreements:

- Annual HFDIS chart review
- Total Care Shared Savings/Accountable Health Networks (AHN)
- 2024 Medicare Advantage Quality Incentive Program (MA QIP)

Large code sets

Some of the measures include large code sets for specific types of diagnoses. If you need the extended list of codes for a specific measure, please contact your provider relations executive.

Notes:

- The diagnosis and/or procedure codes in this guide are in compliance with the *HEDIS*Measure Year (MY) 2023 Volume 2 Technical Specifications. HEDIS is a registered trademark

 of the National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA). Visit ncqa.org for more information.
- This guide is intended to help you understand the information we use to report quality data; it is not clinical advice, nor does it include recommendations.
- Reimbursement for services represented in these measures will be in accordance with the terms and conditions of your agreement with us.

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Measure name	MA QIP	HEDIS chart review	Total Care/ AHN
Appropriate Treatment for Upper Respiratory Infection (URI)			✓
Asthma medication ratio (AMR)			✓
Blood pressure control for patients with diabetes (BPD)		√	
Breast cancer screening (BCS-E)	✓		✓
Cervical cancer screening (CCS)		√	
Child and adolescent well-care visits (WCV)			√
Childhood immunization status (CIS)		√	√
Colorectal cancer screening (COL-E)	√		√
Controlling blood pressure (CBP)	✓	✓	\checkmark
Eye exam for patients with diabetes (EED)	√	√	√
Follow-up after emergency department visit for people with multiple high-risk chronic conditions (FMC)	√		
Hemoglobin A1c control for patients with diabetes (HBD)	√	√	\checkmark
Immunization for adolescents (IMA)		√	\checkmark
Kidney health evaluation for patients with diabetes (KED)	√		
Medication adherence: proportion of days covered for diabetes, renin angiotensin system antagonists and statins	√		
Osteoporosis management in women who have had a fracture (OMW)	✓		
Plan all-cause readmissions (PCR)	✓		√
Prenatal and postpartum care (PPC)		√	
Social needs screening and intervention (SNS-E)		✓	
Statin therapy for patients with cardiovascular disease (SPC)	√		
Statin therapy for patients with diabetes (SPD)			✓
Statin use in persons with diabetes (SUPD) (PQA measure)	✓		
Transitions of care (TRC)	✓	√	
Weight assessment and counseling for nutrition and physical activity for children/adolescents (WCC)		√	√
Well-child visits in the first 30 months of life (6 or more visits) (W30)			✓

MA QIP-specific measures

Measure name	Member experience measure	Preventive Care visits	Personalized Care Support
Advance care planning (ACP)			✓
Annual flu vaccine (AFV)	✓		
Preventive care visits (PCV)		✓	

Appendix

Advanced illness and frailty exclusions

Appropriate treatment for upper respiratory infection (URI) Ages 3 months or older on the episode date

Measure description

Measure assesses the percentage of episodes for members 3 months of age or older with a diagnosis of upper respiratory infection (URI) that did not result in an antibiotic dispensing event.

METHODOLOGY

Medical claims, pharmacy claims and encounter data

Definitions

Intake period	July 1 of the year prior to the measurement year to June 30 of the measurement year. The intake period captures eligible episodes of treatment.
Episode date	The date of service for any outpatient, telephone or ED visit, e-visit or virtual check-in during the intake period with a diagnosis of URI.
Negative medication history	 To qualify for negative medication history, the following criteria must be met: A period of 30 days prior to the episode date when the member had no pharmacy claims for either new or refill prescriptions for a listed antibiotic drug. No prescriptions dispensed more than 30 days prior to the episode date that are active on the episode date. A prescription is considered active if the "days supply" indicated on the date when the member was dispensed the prescription is the number of days or more between that date and the relevant service date. The 30-day look-back period for pharmacy data includes the 30 days prior to the intake period.
Negative comorbid condition history	A period of 365 days prior to and including the episode date when the member had no claims/encounters with any diagnosis for a comorbid condition (366 days total).
Negative competing diagnosis	The episode date and 3 days following the episode date when the member had no claims/encounters with a competing diagnosis.

REQUIRES

Dispensed prescription for an antibiotic medication from the AAB Antibiotic Medications List on or 3 days after the episode date.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in Hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Remove episode dates where the member had a claim/encounter with any diagnosis for a comorbid condition (<u>Comorbid Conditions Value Set</u>) during the 12 months prior to or on the episode date. **Note**: Do not include laboratory claims (claims with POS code 81).

Remove episode dates where a new or refill prescription for an antibiotic medication (<u>AAB Antibiotic Medications List</u>) was dispensed 30 days prior to the episode date or was active on the episode date.

Remove episode dates where the member had a claim/encounter with a competing diagnosis on or three days after the episode date. Either of the following meets criteria for a competing diagnosis. Do not include laboratory claims (claims with POS code 81).

- Pharyngitis Value Set.
- · Competing Diagnosis Value Set.

Codes used in measure

DENOMINATOR CODES

Outpatient, ED and Telehealth

• **CPT** 99396, 99397,99401-99404, 99411,99412,99421-99423, 99429, 99441-99443,099455-99458, 99438,HCPCS G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439,G0463, G2010, G0212, G2250- G2252, T1015

Pharyngitis

- J02.0, J02.8, J02.9, J03.00, J03.01, J03.80, J03.81, J03.90, J03.91
- URI J00, J06.0, J06.9

NUMERATOR CODES

Hospice Encounter

- HCPCS G9473-G9479, Q5003- G5008, Q5010, S9126, Q5010, T2042-T2046
 Intervention
- **Hospice Intervention**
 - **CPT** 99377,99378
 - **HCPCS** G0182

LARGE CODE SETS

- Comorbid conditions
- Competing Diagnosis
- Inpatient Stay

Asthma medication ratio (AMR) Ages 5-64

Measure description

Measure assesses the percentage of members ages 5 to 64 who were identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year.

METHODOLOGY

Medical claims, pharmacy claims and encounter data

REQUIRES

- At least one emergency department (ED) visit, acute inpatient encounter or acute inpatient discharge, with a principal diagnosis of asthma
- At least four outpatient visits, telephone visits, e-visits or virtual check-ins, (on different dates of service) with any diagnosis of asthma and at least two asthma medication-dispensing events for any controller or reliever medication, **or**
- At least four asthma medication-dispensing events for any controller or reliever medication

Notes:

A member identified as having persistent asthma—because of at least four asthma medicationdispensing events where leukotriene modifiers or antibody inhibitors were the sole asthma medication dispensed in that year—must also have at least one diagnosis of asthma, in any setting, in the same year as the leukotriene modifier or antibody inhibitor.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who had a diagnosis of any of the following anytime during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year:
 - Emphysema
 - Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
 - Obstructive chronic bronchitis
 - Chronic respiratory conditions due to fumes or vapors
 - Cvstic fibrosis
 - Acute respiratory failure
- Members who had no asthma controller or reliever medications dispensed during the measurement year
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

Denominator codes

Outpatient and telehealth visit:

- **CPT** 98966-98668, 98970-98972, 98980, 98981, 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99421-99423, 99429,99441-99443 99455-99458, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, G2010, G2012, G2250-G2252, T1015

ED and acute inpatient:

- **CPT** 99221-99223, 99231-99236, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255, 99281-99285, 99291

Asthma:

- **ICD-10** J45.21, J45.22, J45.30-J45.32, J45.40-J45.42, J45.50-J45.52, J45.901, J45.902, J45.909, J45.991, J45.998

Hospice:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- **HCPCS** G0182, G9473 G9479, Q5003 Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042 T2046

Respiratory diseases with different treatment approaches than asthma:

- **ICD-10** E84.0, E84.11, E84.19, E84.8, E84.9, J43.0-J43.2, J43.8-J44.1, J44.9, J68.4, J96.00-J96.02, J96.20-J96.22, J98.2, J98.3

Large code sets:

- Asthma controller medications and reliever medications
- Inpatient stay
- Nonacute inpatient stay

Blood pressure control for patients with diabetes (BPD) Ages 18-75

Measure description

The percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes (Type 1 or Type 2) whose blood pressure was adequately controlled (<140/90 mm Hg) during the measurement year

METHODOLOGY:

Claims, encounter data, pharmacy data and medical record review

REQUIRES:

- Members who had at least two diagnoses of diabetes on different dates of service during the measurement year, or year prior to the measurement year.
- Members who were dispensed insulin or hypoglycemics/antihyperglycemic during the measurement year of the year prior to the measurement year.

Notes:

- Results from the most recent blood pressure reading during the measurement year
- Value must be <140/90 mm Hg
- Can be taken during a telephone visit, e-visit, virtual check-in or reported by the member

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year
 - Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - 1. At least two indications of frailty (with different dates of service) during the measurement year
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)
 - A dementia medication dispensed
 - Advanced illness on at least two different dates of service

Numerator codes

Blood pressure:

- **CPT II** 3074F, 3075F, 3077F, 3078F, 3079F, 3080F
- CPT CAT II Modifier 1P, 2P, 3P, 8P

DENOMINATOR CODES

Acute inpatient visit:

- **CPT** 99221-99223, 99231-99236, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255, 99291
- **POS** 21,51

Online assessment:

- **CPT** 98969-98972, 98980, 98981, 99421-99423, 99444, 99457, 99458
- **HCPCS** G0071, G2010, G2012, G2061-G2063, G2250-G2252

Observation visit:

- **CPT** 99217-99220

ED visit:

- **CPT** 99281-99285
- **POS** 23

Large code sets:

- Diabetes value
- Diabetes medications list
- Frailty
- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medications list

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Hospice:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- **HCPCS** G0182, G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Palliative care:

- **HCPCS** M1017
- ICD-10 Z51.5

Breast cancer screening (BCS) Ages 52-74 as of December 31 of the measurement year

Measure description

Measure addresses the prevalence of routine breast cancer screenings.

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

REQUIRES

Screening mammogram

Notes:

- Primary screening only; no diagnosis or treatment included
- Date range for screening: October 1 two years prior through December 31 of the measurement year
- Sex assigned at birth of female
- Administrative gender of female at any time in the members history

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

Any time in history:

- Bilateral mastectomy
- Unilateral mastectomy (with bilateral modifier)
- History of bilateral mastectomy
- A unilateral mastectomy with a left-side modifier
- A unilateral mastectomy with a right-side modifier
- Absence of right/left breast
- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement period
- Members who had gender affirming chest surgery with a diagnoses of gender dysphoria anytime during the members history through the end of the measurement period

Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional SNP (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File
- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty, (with different dates of service), during the measurement year
 - Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):
 - A dispensed dementia medication
 - Advanced illness on at least two different dates of service.

NUMERATOR CODES Mammogram:

- **CPT** 77061-77063, 77065-77067

DENOMINATOR CODES

Administrative gender of female: Administrative gender code F

Sex assigned at birth of female: LOINC 76689-9, LA3-6

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Mastectomy:

- History of bilateral mastectomy: ICD-10-CM Z90.13
- Bilateral mastectomy: **ICD-10-PCS** 0HTV0ZZ
- Unilateral mastectomy: CPT 19180, 19200, 19220, 19240, 19303-19307
- Unilateral mastectomy right: ICD-10-PCS 0HTT0ZZ
 Unilateral mastectomy left: ICD-10-PCS 0HTU0ZZ
- Members who had gender affirming chest surgery with a diagnosis of gender dysphoria any time during the members history through the end of the measurement period. CPT 19318

Modifiers for mastectomy:

Left: LTRight: RTBilateral: 50

Absence of right breast:

ICD-10-CM Z90.11

Absence of left breast:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z90.12

Palliative care:

- **HCPCS** G9054, M1017
- **ICD-10-CM** Z51.5

Gender dysphoria:

- **ICD-10-CM** F64.1, F64.2, F64.8, F64.9

Large code sets:

- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medications list
- Frailty diagnosis

Cervical cancer screening (CCS) Ages 24-64 as of December 31 of the measurement year

Measure description

Measure assesses preventive cervical cancer screenings based on the following criteria:

- 21 to 64 year-old members recommended cervical cytology every three years
- 30 to 64 year-old members who had cervical cytology and high-risk HPV co-testing within the last five years
- 30 to 64 year-old members who had cervical high-risk human papillomavirus (hrHPV) testing performed within the last five years

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

REQUIRES

- Cervical cancer screening
- HPV testing (if appropriate)
- Administrative gender of female,
- Sex assigned at birth of female
- Sex parameter for clinical use of female during the measurement year

Note:

- For medical record review, count any cervical cancer screening method that includes collection and microscopic analysis of cervical cells
- Unknown is not considered a result/finding for medical record reporting

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year
- Any of the following anytime during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year:
 - Hysterectomy with no residual cervix, cervical agenesis, or acquired absence of cervix
 - Documentation of "complete," "total" or "radical" hysterectomy
 - Documentation of "vaginal hysterectomy"
 - Exclude incomplete labs and labs where results indicate "no cervical cells were present"
 - Exclude biopsies
 - Reflex testing
 - Members who died anytime during the measurement year
 - Members who use hospice services or elect to use a hospice benefit during the measurement year
 - Members receiving palliative care or had an encounter for palliative care during the measurement year.
 - Members who died anytime during the measurement year
 - Members assigned as male at birth

Note:

- Documentation of hysterectomy alone does not meet the criteria, because it is not sufficient evidence that the cervix was removed.
- Unknown is not considered a result/finding for medical record reporting

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Cervical cytology (Pap tests):

- **CPT** 88141-88143, 88147, 88148, 88150, 88152-88153, 88164-88167, 88174, 88175
- HCPCS G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143-G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, Q0091

HPV tests:

- **CPT** 87624, 87625
- **HCPCS** G0476
- SNOMED 718591004

DENOMINATOR CODES

- Administrative gender code F
- Sex assigned at birth of female: **LOINC** 76689-9, LA3-6
- Sex parameter for clinical use of female during the measurement year

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Sex assigned at birth of male: LOINC 76689-9, LA2-8

Absence of cervix:

- **ICD-10**: Q51.5, Z90.710, Z90.712

Hysterectomy with no residual cervix:

- **CPT** 57530, 57531, 57540, 57545, 57550, 57555, 57556, 58150, 58152, 58200, 58210, 58240, 58260, 58262, 58263, 58267, 58270, 58275, 58280, 58285, 58290-58294, 58548, 58550, 58552-58554, 58570-58573, 58575, 58951, 58953, 58954, 58956, 59135
- ICD-10 OUTC0ZZ, OUTC4ZZ, OUTC7ZZ, OUTC8ZZ

Palliative care:

HCPCS M1017

Hospice:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- **HCPCS** G0182, G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Child and adolescent well-care visits (WCV) Ages 3-21

Measure description

Measure assesses the percentage of members who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit with a PCP or OB/GYN during the measurement year

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

REQUIRES

One or more well-care visits during the measurement year that occurred with a PCP or an OB/GYN

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year
- Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS code 81

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Well-care visits:

- CPT 99381-99385, 99391-99395, 99461
- **HCPCS** G0438, G0439, S0302, S0610, S0612, S0613
- **ICD-10-CM** Z00.00, Z00.01, Z00.110, Z00.111, Z00.121, Z00.129, Z00.2, Z00.3, Z01.411, Z01.419, Z02.5, Z76.1, Z76.2

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES:

Hospice:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- **HCPCS** G0182, G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Childhood immunization status (CIS)

Age 2 during the measurement year

Measure description

Measure assesses the immunization history of children at two years of age based on recommended standards.

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

REQUIRES

- Diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis (DTap), four doses
- Polio (IPV), three doses
- Measles, mumps and rubella (MMR), one dose
- H influenza type B (HiB), three doses
- Hepatitis B (HepB), three doses
- Varicella (chicken pox) (VZV), one dose
- Pneumococcal conjugate (PCV), four doses
- Hepatitis A (HepA), one dose
- Rotavirus (RV), two or three doses dependent on vaccine
- Influenza (Flu), two doses

Notes:

- For DTaP count any of the following:
 - Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine
 - Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine
 - Encephalitis due to the vaccine
- For MMR, VZV, hepatitis A,, and hepatitis B count any of the following:
 - Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine
 - Documented history of the illness
 - Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine
- For IPV, Pneumococcal conjugate, influenza, HiB, and rotavirus, count either:
 - Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine
 - Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine
- For influenza, the LAIV vaccination must occur on the child's second birthday
- Each antigen is reported separately so make sure all immunizations are reflected in the claim submitted for visit.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year
- Members who had any of the following on or before their second birthday:
 - Severe combined immunodeficiency
 - Immunodeficiency
 - HIV/HIV Type 2
 - Lymphoreticular cancer, multiple myeloma or leukemia
 - Intussusception
 - Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

NUMERATOR CODES

DTaP:

- **CPT 90697,** 90698, 90700, 90723

Anaphylaxis due to Diphtheria, Tetanus or Pertussis Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 428281000124107, 428291000124105

Encephalitis due to Diphtheria, Tetanus or Pertussis Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 192710009, 192711008, 192712001

IPV

- **CPT** 90697, 90698, 90713, 90723

Anaphylaxis due to the IPV vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471321000124106

MMR:

- **CPT** 90707, 90710

Measles:

- **ICD-10-CM** B05.0 B05.1, B05.2, B05.3, B05.4, B05.81, B05.89, B05.9

Mumps

- **ICD-10-CM** B26.0, B26.1, B26.2. B26.3, B26.81-B26.85, B26.89, B26.9

Rubella:

- **ICD-10-CM** B06.00, B06.01, B06.02, B06.09, B06.81, B06.82, B06.89, B06.9,

Anaphylaxis due to the MMR vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471331000124109

HiB:

- **CPT** 90644, 90647, 90648, 90697, 90698, 90748

Anaphylaxis due to HiB Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 433621000124101

HepB:

- **CPT 90697,** 90723, 90740, 90744, 90747, 90748
- HCPCS G0010
- ICD-10-CM B16.0, B16.1, B16.2, B16.9, B17.0, B18.0, B18.1, B19.10, B19.11
- ICD-10-PCS 3E0234Z

Anaphylaxis due to Hepatitis B Vaccine:

SNOMED 428321000124101

VZV:

- **CPT** 90710, 90716
- **ICD-10-CM** B01.0, B01.11, B01.12, B01.2, B01.81, B01.89, B01.9, B02.0, B02.1, B02.21-B02.24, B02.29-B02.34, B02.39, B02.7-B02.9

Anaphylaxis due to Varicella Zoster Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471341000124104

PCV:

- **CPT** 90670, 90671
- HCPCS G0009

Anaphylaxis due to Pneumococcal Conjugate Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471141000124102

HepA:

- **CPT** 90633
- **ICD-10-CM** B15.0, B15.9

Anaphylaxis due to Hepatitis A Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471311000124103

RV:

- **CPT** 90680, 90681

Anaphylaxis due to Rotavirus Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 428331000124103

Flu:

- **CPT** 90655, 90657, 90660, 90661, 90672, 90673, 90674, 90685-90689, 90756
- HCPCS G0008

Anaphylaxis due to Influnezae Vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 471361000124100

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

- Members who die during the measurement year

Hospice:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- HCPCS G0182, G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Large code sets:

- Contraindications to Childhood Vaccines

Colorectal cancer screening (COL)

Ages 46-75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year

Measure description

Measure addresses the prevalence of the various colon cancer screening tests.

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

REQUIRES

A colorectal cancer screening in the appropriate time (including measurement year):

- Colonoscopy—10 years
- CT colonography—5 years
- Flexible sigmoidoscopy—5 years
- sDNA FIT (Cologuard)—3 years
- FOBT/FIT—measurement year only

EXCLUSIONS

Any time in history:

- Colorectal cancer
- Total colectomy
- Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Any time during the measurement year:

- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care
- Members who died

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (SNP) anytime during the measurement vear
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - 1. At least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement vear
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)
 - A dispensed dementia medication
 - Advanced illness on at least two different dates of service

NUMERATOR CODES

FOBT:

- **CPT** 82270, 82274
- **HCPCS** G0328

Flexible sigmoidoscopy:

- **CPT** 45330-45335, 45337, 45338, 45340-45342, 45346, 45347, 45349, 45350
- HCPCS G0104
- **SNOMED** 841000119107

Colonoscopy:

- CPT 44388-44394, 44397, 44401-44408, 45355, 45378-45393, 45398
- **HCPCS** G0105, G0121
- **SNOMED** 851000119109

CT colonography:

CPT 74261-74263

sDNA FIT test:

- CPT 81528
- **SNOMED** 708699002

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Colorectal cancer:

- ICD-10-CM C18.0-C19, C20, C21.2, C21.8, C78.5, Z85.038, Z85.048

Total colectomy:

- **CPT** 44150-44153, 44155-44158, 44210-44212
- ICD-10-PCS ODTE0ZZ, ODTE4ZZ, ODTE7ZZ, ODTE8ZZ

Palliative care:

- HCPCS M1017
- **ICD-10- CM** CODE Z51.5

Colorectal cancer:

- **ICD-10-CM** C18.0-C19, C20, C21.2, C21.8, C78.5, Z85.038, Z85.048

Total colectomy:

- **CPT** 44150-44153, 44155-44158, 44210-44212
- ICD-10-PCS ODTE0ZZ, ODTE4ZZ, ODTE7ZZ, ODTE8ZZ
- **SNOMED** 119771000119101

Large code sets:

- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medications list
- Frailty diagnosis

Controlling blood pressure (CBP) Ages 18-85

Measure description

Measure assesses the routine monitoring of the diagnosis of hypertension. Controlled blood pressure: <140/90 during the measurement year

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

REQUIRES

- Two visits on different dates of service with a diagnosis of hypertension on or between January 1 of the year prior to the measurement year and June 30 of the measurement year.
- Results of blood pressure documented as part of visit or remote monitoring event.
- Blood pressure must be under control per results of test.
- Timing of blood pressure reading must be chronologically on the same day as or later than the second hypertension diagnosis and must occur within the measurement year.

Note: Member reported blood pressure readings that meet the current blood pressure reporting criteria can be used when captured via audio or video or electronically.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Dialysis
- Pregnancy
- End-stage renal disease
- Nephrectomy
- Kidney transplant
- Non-acute inpatient stay
- Blood pressures taken during an acute inpatient stay or an ED visit, on the same day as a diagnostic test or diagnostic or therapeutic procedure requiring a change in medication or diet on or one day before the day of the test or procedure, except for fasting blood tests
- Taken by the member using a non-digital device such as a manual blood pressure cuff and a stethoscope
- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 66-80 as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - 1. At least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year
 - 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)

- A dispensed dementia medication
- Members 81 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with at least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year

NUMERATOR CODES

Blood pressure:

- **CPT II** 3074F, 3075F, 3077F, 3078F, 3079F, 3080F
- Note: Do not include any of these CPT II codes if they have one of the following modifiers:
 1P,2P, 3P, 8P

DENOMINATOR CODES

Diagnosis of hypertension:

- ICD-10-CM I10

Outpatient and telehealth visit:

- CPT 98966 98668, 98970-98972, 98980,98981, 99202 -99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99421-99423, 99429,99441-99443 99455-99458, 99483
- HCPCS, HCPCS G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, G2010, G2012, G2250-G2252, T1015

Telehealth visits:

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 99441-99443

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Dialysis:

- **CPT** 90935, 90937, 90945, 90947, 90997, 90999, 99512
- **HCPCS** G0257, S9339
- ICD-10-PCS 3E1M39Z, 5A1D00Z, 5A1D60Z, 5A1D70Z, 5A1D80Z, 5A1D90Z

End stage renal disease:

- **ICD-10-CM** N18.5, N18.6, Z99.2

Nephrectomy:

- **CPT** 50220, 50225, 50230, 50234, 50236, 50240, 50340, 50370, 50543, 50545, 50546, 50548
- ICD-10-PCS 0TB00ZZ, 0TB03ZZ, 0TB04ZZ, 0TB07ZZ, 0TB08ZZ, 0TB10ZZ, 0TB13ZZ, 0TB14ZZ, 0TB17ZZ, 0TB18ZZ, 0TT00ZZ, 0TT04ZZ, 0TT10ZZ, 0TT14ZZ, 0TT20ZZ, 0TT24ZZ

Kidney transplant:

- **CPT** 50360, 50365, 50380
- HCPCS S2065
- ICD-10-CM Z94.0
- ICD-10-PCS 0TY00Z0-0TY00Z2, 0TY10Z0-0TY10Z2

Palliative Care:

- HCPCS M1017
- ICD-10-CM Z51.5
- Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Acute inpatient visit:

- **CPT** 99221-99223, 99231-99236, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255, 99291 POS 21,

ED visit:

- **CPT** 99281-99285
- **POS** 23

Large code sets:

- Frailty diagnosis
- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medication list
- Pregnancy diagnosis
- Inpatient Stay
- Non-acute inpatient stay

Eye exam for patients with diabetes (EED) Ages 18-75

Measure description

The percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes (Type 1 or Type 2) who had a retinal eye exam

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data, pharmacy data and medical record review

REQUIRES

Members who had at least two diagnoses of diabetes on different dates of service during the measurement year, or year prior to the measurement year.

- Members who were dispensed insulin or hypoglycemics/antihyperglycemic during the measurement year of the year prior to the measurement year Retinal exam
- Retinal or dilated eye exam by an optometrist or ophthalmologist during the measurement year; must include results
- Bilateral eye enucleation anytime during the member's history through December 31 of the measurement year
- Negative retinal or dilated eye exam by an optometrist or ophthalmologist in the year prior to the measurement year; must include results
- A chart note or photograph indicating the date when the fundus photography was performed and one of the following:
 - Evidence that an eye care professional reviewed the results
 - Evidence that the results were read by a qualified reading center that operates under the direction of a medical director who is a retinal specialist
 - Evidence that results were read by a system that provides artificial intelligence (AI) interpretation

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year or having an encounter using ICD-10 CM Z51.5
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness.
- Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - 1. At least two indications of frailty (with different dates of service) during the measurement year. Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81.
 - 2. Either of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years):

- o A diagnosis of advanced illness on at least two different dates of service
- o A dementia medication dispensed

Notes:

- Blindness is not an exclusion for a diabetic eye exam because it is difficult to distinguish between individuals who are legally blind but require a retinal exam and those who are completely blind and do not require an exam.
- Hypertensive retinopathy is not handled differently from diabetic retinopathy: for example, an eye exam documented as positive for hypertensive retinopathy would count as positive.
- If one eye is not accessible, leading to an indeterminate result, this is not considered a result/finding
- o An eye exam result documented as "unknown" does not meet criteria

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Diabetic retinal screening:

- **CPT** 67028, 67030, 67031, 67036, 67039-67043, 67101, 67105, 67107, 67108, 67110, 67113, 67121, 67141, 67145, 67208, 67210, 67218, 67220, 67221, 67227, 67228, 92002, 92004, 92012, 92014, 92018, 92019, 92134, 92201, 92202, 92227, 92228, 92230, 92235, 92240, 92250, 92260, 99203-99205, 99213-99215, 99242-99245
- **HCPCS** S0620, S0621, S3000

Diabetic retinal screening negative in prior year:

- **CPT II** 3072F

Eye exam with retinopathy:

- CPT II 2022F, 2024F, 2026F
- Note: Do not include these codes with a CPT II modifier 1P, 2P, 3P, 8P

Eye exam without retinopathy:

- **CPT II** 2023F, 2025F, 2033F
- Note: Do not include these codes with a CPT II modifier 1P, 2P, 3P, 8P

Automated eye exam:

- **CPT** 92229

Unilateral eye enucleation:

- **CPT** 65091, 65093, 65101, 65103, 65105, 65110, 65112, 65114
- Left: ICD-10-PCS 08T1XZZ
- Right: ICD-10-PCS 08T0XZZ
- Bilateral: Modifier 50

Diabetes without complications:

- **ICD-10-CM** E10.9, E11.9, E13.9

Large code sets:

- Diabetes diagnosis
- Diabetes medications list

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Palliative care:

- HCPCS G9054, M1017
- **ICD-10-CM** Z51.5
- Note: Do not include lab claims with POS code 81

- Large code sets:Frailty diagnosisAdvanced illness diagnosisDementia medications list
- Diabetes exclusions

More information about diabetic eye examinations

Patients with diabetes need a comprehensive diabetic eye exam at least once each year to prevent eye problems that can lead to serious eye disease and even blindness.

THE ADA STANDARD

The American Diabetes Association (ADA) has published the following guidelines for retinopathy:

- An initial dilated comprehensive retinal exam should be conducted by an ophthalmologist or optometrist shortly after diagnosis of type 2 diabetes.
- Subsequent exams should be conducted annually by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.
- Less frequent exams may be considered if the patient has had at least one normal exam.

For more information on ADA guidelines for diabetes diagnosis, monitoring and screening, visit their website at **diabetes.org**.

PATIENT BENEFITS AND EDUCATION

Annual diabetic eye exams are a benefit for all Medicare Advantage members, in addition to any routine vision examinations available. The member's copay may vary depending on the services provided and whether the provider is in-network.

To support your patient education efforts about eye care for people with diabetes, we have identified the following resources:

- The National Eye Health Education Program from the National Eye Institute: nei.nih.gov/learn-about-eye-health.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) resources for diabetes prevention and management: cdc.gov/diabetes/professional-info.

CLAIM SUBMISSION

When you submit claims for a diabetic eye examination, be sure to include the appropriate ICD-10 code and one of the following procedure codes for the services provided by an ophthalmologist or optometrist.

MEDICAL RECORD DOCUMENTATION

If you are the provider rendering the examination, please provide results of the screening to the patient's primary care provider (PCP) to support care coordination efforts. The documentation should specify that a retinopathy screening was done and include the findings.

Follow-up after emergency department visit for people with multiple high-risk chronic conditions (FMC)

Ages 18+ as of the ED visit

Measure description

The percentage of ED visits for members 18 years and older who have multiple high-risk chronic conditions who had a follow-up service within seven days of the ED visit

Methodology

Claims

REQUIRES

- An ED visit on or between January 1 and December 24 of the measurement year where the member was 18 years or older on the date of the visit.
- Member has two or more different eligible chronic conditions prior to the ED visit.
- Member has a follow-up service within seven days after the ED visit (8 total days). Includes visits that occur on the date of the ED visit. The following meet criteria for follow-up:
 - Outpatient visit, telephone visit, e-visit, virtual check-in
 - Observation visit
 - Transitional care management services, case management visits, complex care management services, substance use disorder service
 - Intensive outpatient encounter or partial hospitalization
 - Outpatient or telehealth behavioral health visit, community mental health center visit, electroconvulsive therapy

Note: The denominator for this measure is based on ED visits, not members

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year
- ED visits that result in an inpatient stay and ED visits followed by admission to an acute or nonacute inpatient care setting on the date of the ED visit or within 7 days after the ED visit, regardless of the principal diagnosis for admission.

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Outpatient ED, telehealth, and nonacute inpatient:

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 98970-98972, 98980,98981, 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245,99281-99285, 99304-99310,99315,99316, 99341-99345,99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401 99404, 99411, 99412, 99421-99423, 99429, 99441-99443,99455-99458, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0071, G0483, G0439, G2010, GG02250-G2252, T1015
- OUTPATIENT **POS** 03, 05, 07, 09, 11-20, 22, 33, 49, 50, 71, 72

Outpatient and Telehealth

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 98970-98972, 98980, 98981, 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341 99348--99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99421-99423, 99429, 99441-99443, 99455-99458, 99483
- HCPCS G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G2010, G2012, G2250-G2252, T1015

- Telehealth POS 02, 10
- Outpatient POS 03, 05, 07, 09, 11-20, 22, 33, 49, 50, 71, 72

Visit setting unspecified:

- **CPT** 90791, 90792, 90832- 90834, 90836-90840, 90845, 90847, 90849, 90853, 90875, 90876, 99221-99223, 99231-99233, 99238, 99239,99252 -99255

Partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient:

HCPCS G0410, G0411, H0035, H2001, H2012, S0201, S9480, S9484, S9485

Electroconvulsive therapy:

- **CPT** 90870
- ICD-10-PCS: GZB0ZZZ, GZB1ZZZ, GZB2ZZZ, GZB3ZZZ, GZB4ZZZ
- **POS** 24, 52, 53

Substance abuse counseling and surveillance

- **ICD10CM**_ Z71.41, Z71.51

Transitional care management:

- **CPT** 99495, 99496

Case management:

- **CPT** 99366
- HCPCS T1016, T1017, T2022, T2023

Complex care management:

- CPT 99439, 99487, 99489, 99490, 99491
- HCPCS G0506

Substance use disorder services:

- **CPT** 99408, 99409
- HCPCS G0396, G0397, G0443, H0001, H0005, H0007, H0015, H0016, H0022, H0047, H0050, H2035, H2036, T1006, T1012

Large code sets:

- Behavioral health outpatient visit

DENOMINATOR CODES

- Outpatient visit: (above)
- Observation visit (above)
- Telephone visit (above)
- Online assessment (above)

ED Visit:

- **CPT** 99281-99285

Acute Inpatient:

CPT 99221-99223, 99231-99233, 99326, 99238, 99329, 99251-99255, 99291

COPD diagnosis:

- **ICD-10-CM** J41.0, J41.1, J41.8, J42, J43.0, J43.1, J43.2, J43.8, J43.9, J44.0, J44.1, J44.9, J47.0, J47.1, J47.9

Asthma diagnosis:

- **ICD-10-CM** J45.21, J45.22, J45.31, J45.32, J45.41, J45.42, J45.51, J45.52, J45.901, J45.902, J45.990, J45.991, J45.998

Major depression:

- **ICD-10-CM** F320 -F32.4 F32.9, F33.0-F33.3, F33.41, F33.9

Dysthymic disorder:

- **ICD-10-CM** F34.1

Atrial fibrillation:

- **ICD-10-CM** 148.0, 148.20, 148.21, 148.9

Old Myocardial Infarction:

- ICD10CM: 125.2

Hospice intervention:

- **CPT**99377, 99378, **HCPCS** G0182

Hospice encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473- G9479, Q5003–008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Large code sets:

- Alzheimer's disease and related disorders (dementia)
- Chronic kidney disease
- Chronic heart failure and heart failure diagnosis
- Acute myocardial infarction
- Stroke and transient ischemic attack
- Other stroke exclusions
- Inpatient stay

Hemoglobin A1c control for patients with diabetes (HBD) Ages 18-75 Notes:

- This measure will change to Glycemic Status Assessment for patients with Diabetes (GSD) for HEDIS MY2024
- For the 2024 MA QIP, we will accept glucose management indicator (GMI) reporting and updated the denominator in addition to the criteria listed below.

Measure description

The percentage of members 18-75 years of age with diabetes (types 1 and 2) whose most recent glycemic status (hemoglobinA1c [HbA1C] or GMI was the following levels during the measurement year:

- Glycemic status <8.0%
- Glycemic status >9.0%

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data, pharmacy data, and medical record review

REQUIRES

Diagnosis of diabetes (type 1 or 2) during the measurement year or year prior by:

 Claims / encounter data, members need to have two diagnoses of diabetes on different dates of service during the measurement year or the year prior. Members were dispensed hypoglycemic/antihyperglycemics or insulin on an ambulatory basis during the measurement year or the year prior

Notes:

- Results must be from the most recent HbA1c screening test during the measurement year
- Value must be <9.0%. Any number above that value or if there is no value recorded, the record cannot be used
- Can be identified in chart notes as A1c, hemoglobin A1c, HgbA1c, HbA1c, glycohemoglobin A1c, HB1c, glycohemoglobin, glycated hemoglobin or glycosylated hemoglobin

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice during the measurement year
- Members receiving palliative care during the measurement year
 - Members who have a palliative care visit Z51.5
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional SNP (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File

- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet both of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year
 - Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)
 - A dispensed dementia medication
 - Advanced illness on at least two different dates of service

NUMERATOR CODES

HgbA1c blood test:

- **CPT** 83036, 83037
- **CPT II** (**Note:** Do not include modifiers)
 - HbA1c Level <7.0%—3044F
 - HbA1c Level ≥7.0-<8.0%—3051F
 - HbA1c Level ≥8.0-≤9.0%—3052F
 - HbA1c Level >9.0—3046F

DENOMINATOR CODES

Large code sets:

- Diabetes diagnosis
- Diabetes medications list
- Frailty diagnosis
- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medications list
- Diabetes exclusions

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Palliative care encounter:

- **HCPCS** M1017
- ICD10 CM Z51.5
- Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Hospice intervention:

- **CPT** 99377.99378
- **HCPCS** G0182

Hospice encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T20

Immunizations for adolescents (IMA) Age 13 during the measurement year

Measure description

Measure assesses the immunization status of adolescent children at 13 years of age

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

REQUIRES

Before the age of 13, the following immunizations:

- Meningococcal conjugate serogroups A, C, W, Y vaccine one dose
- Tdap one dose
- Human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccines two or three doses

Notes:

- The antigen and the date it was administered must be documented.
- Two-dose HPV requires 146 days between doses
- For Tdap count any of the following:
 - Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine
 - · Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine
 - Encephalitis due to the vaccine
- For meningococcal and HPV count either:
 - Evidence of the antigen or combination vaccine
 - · Anaphylaxis due to the vaccine

Standard schedule:

- Meningococcal serogroups A, C, W, Y on or between 11th and 13th birthday.
- Tdap on or between 10th and 13th birthday
- HPV on or between 9th and 13th birthday

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Meningococcal:

- **CPT** 90619, 90733, 90734

Anaphylaxis due to Meningococcal vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 428301000124106

Tdap vaccine procedure

CPT 90715

Anaphylaxis due to Tdap vaccine:

SNOMED 428281000124107, 428291000124105

Encephalitis due to Tdap vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 192710009, 192711008, 192712001

HPV:

- **CPT** 90649-90651

Anaphylaxis due to HPV vaccine:

- **SNOMED** 428241000124101

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS:

Hospice intervention and encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003- G0182, Q5003- Q5008, Q5010, T2042-T2046

Kidney health evaluation for patients with diabetes (KED) Ages 18-85

Measure description

The percentage of members 18-85 years of age with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who received a kidney health evaluation, defined by an estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) **and** a urine albumin-creatinine ratio (uACR), during the measurement year

METHODOLOGY

Claims/ encounter data, medical record review, and pharmacy data

REQUIRES

Diagnosis of diabetes (type 1 or 2) during the measurement year or year prior by one of the following:

- Claims encounter with two or more diagnoses of diabetes on two different dates of service
- -dispensed hypoglycemic/antihyperglycemics or insulin on an ambulatory basis during the measurement year or the year prior and had at least one diagnosis of diabetes during the measurement year, or the year prior
- Note: Do not include claims with POS 81

Note: To close a care gap for this measure, medical claims must consist of at least one code from the Estimated Glomerular Filtration Rate Lab Test Code set **and one of the following options**:

- A code from the Quantitative Urine Albumin Lab Test Code set and a code from the Urine Creatinine Lab Test code set (these two codes must have dates of service less than four days apart)
- A code from the Urine Albumin Creatinine Ratio Lab Test Code set

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in Hospice
 - Members that received Palliative Care during the measurement year
 - o ICD10CM- Z51.5 any time during the year
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year
- Members with evidence of ESRD or Dialysis anytime during the members history on or prior to December 31 of the measurement year
- Members who did not have a diagnosis of diabetes during the measurement year or the year prior and who had a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes during the measurement year or the year prior.

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 66-80 as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet **both** of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:

- 1. At least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year
- 2. Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)
 - A dementia medication dispensed
 - · Advanced illness on at least two different dates of service
- Members 81 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with at least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year

NUMERATOR CODES

eGFR:

- **CPT** 80047, 80048, 80050, 80053, 80069, 82565

Quantitative urine albumin:

- **CPT** 82043

Urine creatinine:

CPT 82570

Urine albumin creatinine ratio:

- **LOINC** 13705-9, 14958-3, 14959-1, 30000-4, 44292-1, 59159-4, 76401-9, 77253-3, 77254-1, 89998-9, 9318-7

DENOMINATOR CODES

Acute inpatient visit:

- CPT 99221-99223, 99231-99233, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255, 99291

Outpatient visit:

- **CPT** 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99429, 99455, 99456, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, T1015

Observation visit:

- **CPT** 99217-99220

ED visit:

- **CPT** 99281-99285

Online assessment:

- **CPT** 98970-98972, 98980, 98981, 99421-99423, 99457, 99458
- **HCPCS** G0071, G2010, G2012, G2250-G2252

Non-acute inpatient visit:

CPT 99304-99310, 99315, 99316, 99318, 99324-99328, 99334-99337

Large code sets:

- Diabetes
- Diabetes medications list
- Diabetes exclusions
- Inpatient stay
- Non-acute inpatient stay
- Advanced Illness
- Frailty device, diagnosis, encounter, and symptoms

EXCLUSION CODES

ESRD:

- **ICD-10-CM** N18.5, N18.6, Z99.2

Dialysis:

- **CPT** 90935, 90937, 90945, 90947, 90997, 90999, 99512
- **CPT II** G0257, S9339
- **ICD-10-PCS** 3E1M39Z, 5A1D00Z, 5A1D60Z, 5A1D70Z, 5A1D80Z, 5A1D90Z

Palliative care encounter:

- **HCPCS** M1017
 - o Note: Do not include ICD10 CM Z51.5
 - o Note: Do not include claims with laboratory POS 81

Hospice intervention:

- **CPT** 99377, 99378
- **HCPCS** G0182

Hospice encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Medication adherence

Applies to Medicare Star Ratings and Quality Rating System (QRS)/Marketplace 18 years and older

Measure description

The percentage of members 18 years and older who have two or more fills of a qualifying medication on unique dates of service who fill their prescription often enough to cover 80% or more of the time during the measurement period.

METHODOLOGY
Pharmacy claims

Measure	Drug classes included	Exclusions (Any time during measurement year)
Medication adherence for diabetes	Biguanides, sulfonylureas, thiazolidinediones, dipeptidyl peptidase IV (DPP-IV) inhibitors, GIP/GLP-1 receptor agonists, meglitinides, and sodium-glucose cotransporter-2 (SGLT2) inhibitors	 ESRD or dialysis Hospice or using hospice services One or more prescription claim for insulin
Medication adherence for hypertension (RAS antagonists)	Angiotensin-converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors, angiotensin receptor blockers (ARBs) and direct renin inhibitors	 ESRD or dialysis Hospice or using hospice services One or more prescription claim for Entresto (sacubitril/valsartan)
Medication adherence for cholesterol (statins)	Statins	ESRD or dialysisHospice or using hospice services

Gaps are identified when a patient does not adhere to their target medication(s) as prescribed by the provider. Adherence rates are measured in terms of Proportion of Days Covered (PDC) defined as percent days in the measurement period "covered" by prescription claims for at least one drug in the target drug classes. The number of days covered is based on the prescription fill date and days' supply and calculated by dividing the number of covered days by number of days in the measurement period.

Patients should be filling their prescription to have enough medication to cover 80% or more of the time during the measurement period.

If the patient missed a refill or was late to refill earlier in the year, they may show up as non-adherent even if they recently filled their prescription.

- Help the patient refill their medication by the "Must Fill By" date to help them become adherent.
- Switch the prescription to a 90- or 100-day supply to help the patient save money and time **Note**: 100-day supply available for Medicare Advantage members only.

Higher adherence is associated with improved outcomes. There are many reasons why a patient may not be taking their medications as prescribed, including cost, adverse events, inconvenience or lack of understanding of their regimen.

As a provider, you can empower patients to take their medications as prescribed. Effective two-way communication significantly increases the odds of your patients taking their medications properly.

Identify the problem

The following tips may help identify your patients who may not be adhering to their treatment plan:

- Ask patients if they are sticking to their drug regimen. If they are not, try to help them identify and address the barriers.
- Look for underlying conditions. For example, patients who are depressed are more nonadherent to their medications, so consider treating the depression first.
- Look for and address social determinants of health (SDoH) barriers such as transportation, financial, housing, food insecurity, etc.

Address the problem

We appreciate your efforts to discuss any medication adherence gaps with your patients.

Scenario	Possible solutions
Forgetfulness	 Simplify the drug regimen (e.g., dosing, frequency) whenever possible. Encourage patients to use pillboxes or mobile apps to help them remember. Suggest patients sign up for automatic refills, synchronized refills and/ or switch to a 90- or 100-day supply through their pharmacy.
Side effects	 Ask. Some patients may not admit to side effects without being prompted. Change the dose. Prescribe an alternative medication. Suggest ways to manage or reduce side effects.
Poor understanding/ Health literacy	 Explain how the patient's disease affects the body and use teach-back to ensure your patient understands. Suggest pharmacy counseling Use plain language. Instead of saying, "This will treat your hypertension," say, "Let's try this for your high blood pressure." Be clear about the benefit of the medication. For example, you might say, "If you take your diabetes medications and control your blood sugar, you may not need to have your eyeglass prescription changed as often." Highlight importance of controlling the medical condition being treated, even if symptoms are not present

Cost	 Determine if any medications can be safely discontinued. Prescribe generics or lower-cost alternatives when possible. Medicare Advantage members pay \$0 for Tier 1 medications when filled at a preferred pharmacy. Prescribe up to a 90- or 100-day supply. Encourage patients to use a preferred pharmacy.
Polypharmacy	 Suggest pharmacist counseling. Simplify the regimen if possible. Determine if any medications can be safely discontinued. Consider switching to once-a-day or combination therapy.
SDoH	 Have the member call Customer Service at the number on their member ID card to learn of benefits that may help, including: 211.org needymeds.org findhelp.org fullcart.org

Osteoporosis management in women who had a fracture (OMW) Ages 67-85

Measure description

Measure assesses whether screening or treatment of osteoporosis is initiated within 6 months after a fracture.

In-network bone mass measurements are preventive services covered at no cost to the patient as a qualified individual, every 24 months or more frequently if medically necessary.

If your patient is interested in receiving a BMD test at home, have them call us at 1 (800) 541-8981 to see if this service is available through our partners. Test results are shared with both you and your patient.

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and pharmacy data

DEFINITIONS

- **Intake period** is a 12-month window that begins on July 1 of the year prior to and ends on June 30 of the measurement year.
- **Episode date** is the date of service for an eligible encounter during the intake period with a diagnosis of a fracture, including:
 - Date of service for an outpatient, observation or ED visit.
 - Date of discharge for an acute or non-acute inpatient stay
 - Discharge date from the last admission for a direct transfer
- **Index episode start date (IESD)** is the earliest episode date during the intake period that meets all eligible population criteria

REQUIRES

- A new fracture during the intake period and
- A bone mineral density (BMD) test or a medication to treat osteoporosis within six months of the fracture

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Fractures of finger, toe, face and skull
- Members in hospice
- Members who died during the measurement year
- Members who received palliative care during the measurement year
- Members who had any of the following during the 60-day period* prior to the IESD:
 - An outpatient visit, a telephone visit, an e-visit, virtual check-in, an observation visit or an ED visit for a fracture. (Do not include ED visits or observation visits that result in an inpatient stay)
 - An acute or non-acute inpatient discharge with a fracture on the discharge claim
- Members who had a fracture BMD test up to 24 months (730 days) prior to the episode date
- Osteoporosis therapy or prescription during the 12 months (365 days) prior to the episode date

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for the following exclusions:

- Medicare members 67 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional special needs plan (I-SNP) anytime during the intake period through the end of the measurement year

- Living long-term in an institution anytime during the intake period through the end of the measurement year as identified in the monthly membership detail data file
- Members 67-80 as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty and advanced illness. See Appendix: Advanced illness and frailty exclusions.
- Members 81 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with frailty. See Appendix: Advanced illness and frailty exclusions.

Notes:

- For an acute or non-acute inpatient IESD, use the date of admission to determine the number of days prior to the IESD.
- For direct transfers, use the first admission date to determine the number of days prior to the IESD.
- For outpatient, ED and observation visits that result in an inpatient stay, use the date of the outpatient, ED or observation visit to determine the number of days prior to the IESD.

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

BMD tests:

- **CPT** 76977, 77078, 77080, 77081, 77085, 77086
- **ICD-10**: BP48ZZ1, BP49ZZ1, BP4GZZ1, BP4HZZ1, BP4LZZ1, BP4MZZ1, BP4NZZ1, BP4PZZ1, BQ00ZZ1, BQ01ZZ1, BQ03ZZ1, BQ04ZZ1, BR00ZZ1, BR07ZZ1, BR09ZZ1, BR0GZZ1

Long-acting osteoporosis medication therapy:

- **HCPCS** J0897, J1740, J3110, J3111, J3489

Large code sets:

- Osteoporosis medications list

Description	Prescription
Bisphosphonates	 Alendronate Alendronate-cholecalciferol Ibandronate Risedronate Zoledronic acid
Other agents	AbaloparatideDenosumabRaloxifeneRomosozumabTeriparatide

DENOMINATOR CODES

Outpatient and ED visit

- **CPT** 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99281-99285, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99429, 99455, 99456, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, T1015

ED visit:

- **CPT** 99281-99285

Online assessments:

CPT 98969, 99444-

Large code sets:

- Fractures
- Inpatient stay
- Osteoporosis medications list

EXCLUSION CODES

Palliative care:

- **HCPCS** M1017
- ICD-10-CM Z51.5 laboratory claims with POS 81

Hospice

- Hospice intervention
 - **CPT** 99377, 99378
 - **HCPCS** G0182
- Hospice encounter
 - HCPCS G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Large code sets:

- Frailty
- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Dementia medications list

Plan all-cause readmissions (PCR) Ages 18+ as of the index discharge date

Measure description

Measure assesses the prevalence of acute inpatient and observation stays during the measurement

year that were followed by an unplanned acute readmission for any diagnosis within 30 days of discharge and the predicted probability of an acute readmission.

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

DEFINITIONS

- Index hospital stay (IHS): Acute inpatient or observation stay with a discharge on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year
- Index admission date: IHS admission date
- Index discharge date: IHS discharge date (must occur on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year)
- Index readmissions stay: Acute inpatient or observation stay for any diagnosis with an admission date within 30 days of a previous index discharge date
- Index readmission date: Admission date associated with the index readmission stay
- Classification period: 365 days prior to and including an index discharge date
- Outlier:
 - Medicare members in the eligible population with four or more index hospital stays between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year
 - Commercial members in the eligible population with three or more index hospital stays between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year
- Non-outlier: Members in the eligible population who are not considered outliers

REQUIRES

- Acute inpatient or observation stay with a discharge on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year
- Unplanned acute readmission for any diagnosis within 30 days of discharge

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

Members in hospice

Exclusions:

- Non-acute inpatient stay
- A principal diagnosis of a condition originating in the perinatal period
- Death during hospital stay
- Members with a principal diagnosis of pregnancy on the discharge claim
- A planned acute hospital stay with any of the following on the discharge claim:
 - Principal diagnosis of maintenance chemotherapy
 - Principal diagnosis of rehabilitation
 - An organ transplant
- Potentially planned procedure without a principal acute diagnosis
- Hospital stays where discharge date occurs after December 1 of the measurement year
- Hospital stays where the index admission date is the same as the index discharge date
- Note: Supplemental data can be used for required exclusions

Codes used in measure

DENOMINATOR CODES Observation Stay:

- **UBREV**: 0760, 0762, 0769

Large code sets:

- Inpatient stay
- Non-acute inpatient stay
- Surgery procedure

NUMERATOR CODES

Observation stay (above)

Large code sets:

Outpatient, ED, telephone, acute inpatient and nonacute inpatient

EXCLUSION CODES

Chemotherapy:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z51.0, Z51.11, Z51.12

Rehabilitation:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z44.001, Z44.002, Z44.009, Z44.011, Z44.012, Z44.019, Z44.021, Z44.022, Z44.029, Z44.101, Z44.102, Z44.109, Z44.111, Z44.112, Z44.119, Z44.121, Z44.122, Z44.129, Z44.30-Z44.32, Z44.8, Z44.9, Z45.1, Z45.31, Z45.320, Z45.321, Z45.328, Z45.41, Z45.42, Z45.49, Z45.811, Z45.812, Z45.819, Z46.82, Z46.89, Z46.9

Kidney transplant:

- **CPT** 50360, 50365, 50380
- HCPCS S2065
- **ICD-10-PCS** 0TY00Z0-0TY00Z2, 0TY10Z0- 0TY10Z2

Introduction of autologous pancreatic cells:

- **ICD-10-PCS** 3E030U0, 3E030U1, 3E033U0, 3E033U1, 3E0J3U0, 3E0J3U1, 3E0J7U0, 3E0J7U1, 3E0J8U1

Large code sets:

- Pregnancy diagnosis
- Perinatal conditions
- Bone marrow transplant
- Organ transplant other than kidney
- Potentially planned procedures
- Acute condition

Hospice:

- Hospice intervention:
 - o **CPT** 99377, 99378
 - HCPCS G0182
- Hospice encounter:
 - HCPCS G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Risk adjustment determination guide

For each IHS among nonoutlier members, use the following to identify risk adjustment categories based on presence of observation stay status at discharge, surgeries, discharge condition, comorbidity, age and gender.

OBSERVATION STAY

Determine if the IHS at discharge was an observation stay (Observation stay code set). For direct transfers, determine the hospitalization status using the last discharge.

SURGERIES

Determine if the member underwent surgery during the inpatient stay. (Surgery procedure code set). Consider an IHS to include a surgery if at least one procedure code is present from any provider between the admission and discharge dates.

DISCHARGE CONDITION

Assign a discharge clinical condition (CC) category code or codes to the IHS based on its primary discharge diagnosis, using Table CC Mapping (from NCQA's website). For direct transfers, use the primary discharge diagnosis from the last discharge.

Exclude diagnoses that cannot be mapped to Table CC Mapping.

COMORBIDITIES

- **Step 1**: Identify all diagnoses for encounters during the classification period for each denominator unit of measure (I.e.. Denominator event or member). Include the following when identifying encounters: outpatient visits, telephone visits, observation visits, ED visits, acute and non-acute inpatient encounters
- **Step 2**: Assign each diagnosis to one comorbid CC category using Table CC Mapping (from NCQA's website)
- **Step 3**: Determine hierarchical condition categories (HCCs) for each comorbid CC identified. Refer to table HCC Rank (from NCQA's website)
- **Step 4**: Assess each ranking group separately and select only the highest ranked HCC in each ranking group using the Rank column
- **Step 5**: Identify combination HCCs listed in Table HCC Comb (from NCQA's website)

RISK ADJUSTMENT WEIGHTING

For each IHS among nonoutliers, use the following steps to identify risk adjustment weights based on observation stays status at discharge, surgeries, discharge condition, comorbidity, age and gender:

- **Step 1**: For each IHS discharge that is an observation stay, link the observation stay IHS weight.
- **Step 2**: For each IHS with a surgery, link the surgery weight.
- Step 3: For each IHS with a discharge CC Category, link the primary discharge weights.
- Step 4: For each IHS with a comorbidity HCC Category, link the comorbidity weights.
- Step 5: Link the age and gender weights for each IHS.
- **Step 6**: Sum all weights associated with the IHS (i.e., observation stay, presence of surgery, primary discharge diagnosis, comorbidities, age and gender) and use the formula below to calculate the Estimated Readmission Risk for each IHS:

Estimated Readmission Risk = [exp (sum of weights for IHS)] / [1 + exp (sum of weights for IHS)] Note: "Exp" refers to the exponential or antilog function.

- **Step 7**: Calculate the Count of Expected Readmissions for each age and stratification category. The Count of Expected Readmissions is the sum of the Estimated Readmission Risk calculated in step 6 for each IHS in each age and stratification category.

Count of Expected Readmissions = ∑(Estimated Readmission Risk)

- **Step 8**: Use the formula below and the Estimated Readmission Risk calculated in step 6 to calculate the variance for each IHS.

Variance = Estimated Readmission Risk x (1 – Estimated Readmission Risk)

Example: If the Estimated Readmission Risk is 0.1518450741 for an IHS, then the variance for this IHS is 0.1518450741 x 0.8481549259 = 0.1287881476.

Note: When calculating variance at the IHS level, do not round. Organizations must sum the variances for each stratification and age when populating the Variance cells in the reporting tables. When reporting, round the variance to 4 decimal places using the .5 rule.

Prenatal and postpartum care (PPC)

Measure description

Measure assesses the care women are being provided in their prenatal and postpartum periods.

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and/or medical record review

DEFINITIONS

First trimester: 176-280 days prior to delivery or estimated delivery date

REQUIRES

- Established pregnancy
- Live birth on or between October 8 of the year prior to the measurement year to October 7 of the measurement year
- Evidence of visits during the prenatal and postpartum periods:
 - For members who were continuously enrolled, a prenatal care visit during the first trimester. For members who were not continuously enrolled, a prenatal care visit during the period that begins 280 days prior to delivery and ends 42 days after their enrollment start date
 - Postpartum visit between 7 and 84 days after delivery

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Prenatal Bundled Services:

- **CPT** 59400, 59425, 59426, 59510, 59610, 59618
- **HCPCS** H1005

Stand-alone prenatal visits:

- **CPT** 99500
- **CPT II** 0500F, 0501F, 0502F
- **HCPCS** H1000-H1004

Prenatal visits:

- **CPT** 99201-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99483
- HCPCS G0463, T1015
- Note: Do not include CPT CAT II modifiers

Telephone visits:

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 99441-99443
- **ICD-10-CM** Z01.411, Z01.419, Z01.42, Z30.430, Z39.1, Z39.2
- Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Postpartum Bundled Services:

- **CPT** 59400, 59410, 59510, 59515, 59610, 59614, 59618, 59622

Cervical cytology lab (postpartum only):

- **CPT** 88141-88143, 88147, 88148, 88150, 88152-88154, 88164-88167, 88174, 88175
- **HCPCS** G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143-G0145, G0147, G0148, P3000, P3001, Q0091

Large code sets:

- Pregnancy diagnosis

DENOMINATOR CODES

Deliveries:

- **ICD-10-PCS** 10D00Z0-10D00Z2, 10D07Z3-10D07Z8, 10E0XZZ
- **CPT** 59400, 59409, 59410, 59510, 59514, 59515, 59610, 59612, 59614, 59618, 59620, 59622

EXCLUSION CODES

Acute inpatient:

- **CPT** 99221-99223, 99231,99236, 99238, 99239, 99251-99255, 99291
- **POS** 21, 51
- Non-live births

Hospice:

- Hospice Intervention:
 - o CPT 99377, 99378 HCPCS G0182
- Hospice encounter:
 - o **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042, T2046

Social Need Screening and Intervention (SNS-E)

Measure description

The percentage of members who were screened, using prespecified instruments, at least once during the measurement period for unmet food, housing and transportation needs, and received a corresponding intervention if they screened positive.

- **Food screening**: The percentage of members who were screened for food insecurity.
- **Food intervention**: The percentage of members who received a corresponding intervention within one month of screening positive for food insecurity.
- **Housing screening:** The percentage of members who were screened for housing instability, homelessness or housing inadequacy.
- Housing intervention: The percentage of members who received a corresponding intervention within one month of screening positive for housing instability, homelessness or housing inadequacy.
- **Transportation screening**: The percentage of members who were screened for transportation insecurity.
- **Transportation intervention**: The percentage of members who received a corresponding intervention within one month of screening positive for transportation insecurity.

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

DEFINITIONS

- **Participation**: The identifiers and descriptors we use to define members' eligibility during the participation period.
- **Participation period**: The measurement period.
- Food insecurity: Uncertain, limited or unstable access to food that is: adequate in quantity
 and in nutritional quality; culturally acceptable; safe and acquired in socially acceptable
 ways.
- **Housing instability**: Currently consistently housed but experiencing any of the following circumstances in the past 12 months: being behind on rent or mortgage, multiple moves, cost burden or risk of eviction.
- **Homelessness**: Currently living in an environment that is not meant for permanent human habitation (e.g., cars, parks, sidewalks, abandoned buildings, on the street), not having a consistent place to sleep at night, or because of economic difficulties, currently living in a shelter, motel, temporary or transitional living situation.
- **Housing inadequacy**: Housing does not meet habitability standards.
- **Transportation insecurity**: Uncertain, limited or no access to safe, reliable, accessible, affordable and socially acceptable transportation infrastructure and modalities necessary for maintaining one's health, well-being or livelihood.

REQUIRES

Provide screenings, using prespecified instruments, at least once during the measurement period for unmet food, housing and transportation needs, and provide intervention for positive screenings.

Provide an intervention corresponding to the type of need identified on or up to 30 days after the date of the first positive screening during the measurement period.

- A positive food insecurity screen finding must be met by a food insecurity intervention.
- A positive housing instability or homelessness screen finding must be met by a housing instability or homelessness intervention.

- A positive housing inadequacy screen finding must be met by a housing inadequacy intervention.
- A positive transportation insecurity screen finding must be met by a transportation insecurity intervention.

Intervention may include any of the following intervention categories: assistance, assessment, counseling, coordination, education, evaluation of eligibility, provision or referral.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice or using hospice services any time during the measurement period.
- Medicare members 66 years of age and older by the end of the measurement period who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an Institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement period.
 - Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement period, as identified by the LTI flag in the Monthly Membership Detail Data File. Use the run date of the file to determine if a member had an LTI flag during the measurement period.

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Food insecurity instruments	Screening item LOINC codes	Positive finding LOINC codes
Accountable Health Communities (AHC) Health-Related	88122-7	LA28397-0, LA6729-3
Social Needs (HRSN) Screening Tool	88123-5	LA28397-0, LA6729-3
American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) Social	88122-7	LA28397-0, LA6729-3
Needs Screening Tool	88123-5	LA28397-0, LA6729-3
Health Leads Screening Panel®1	95251-5	LA33-6
Hunger Vital Sign™ (HVS)¹	88124-3	LA19952-3
Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks and Experiences [PRAPARE]®1	93031-3	LA30125-1
Safe Environment for Every Kid (SEEK)®1	95400-8 95399-2	LA33-6 LA33-6
U.S. Household Food Security Survey [U.S. FSS]	95264-8	LA30985-8, LA30986-6
U.S. Adult Food Security Survey [U.S. FSS]	95264-8	LA30985-8, LA30986-6
U.S. Child Food Security Survey [U.S. FSS]	95264-8	LA30985-8, LA30986-6
U.S. Household Food Security Survey–Six-Item Short		
Form	95264-8	LA30985-8, LA30986-6
[U.S. FSS]		
We Care Survey	96434-6	LA32-8
WellRx Questionnaire	93668-2	LA33-6

¹Proprietary; may be cost or licensing requirement associated with use.

Housing instability, homelessness and housing inadequacy instruments	Screening Item LOINC Codes	Positive Finding LOINC Codes
Accountable Health Communities (AHC) Health-Related Social Needs (HRSN) Screening Tool	71802-3	LA31994-9, LA31995-6
American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) Social Needs Screening Tool	99550-6	LA33-6
Children's Health Watch Housing Stability Vital Signs™1	98976-4 98977-2 98978-0	LA33-6 ≥3 LA33-6
Health Leads Screening Panel®1	99550-6	LA33-6
Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks and Experiences [PRAPARE]®1	93033-9 71802-3	LA33-6 LA30190-5
We Care Survey	96441-1	LA33-6
WellRx Questionnaire	93669-0	LA33-6
Accountable Health Communities (AHC) Health-Related Social Needs (HRSN) Screening Tool	96778-6	LA31996-4, LA28580-1, LA31997-2, LA31998-0, LA31999-8, LA32000-4, LA32001-2
American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) Social Needs Screening Tool	96778-6	LA32691-0, LA28580-1, LA32693-6, LA32694-4, LA32695-1, LA32696-9, LA32001-2

¹Proprietary; may be cost or licensing requirement associated with use.

Transportation Insecurity Instruments	Screening Item LOINC Codes	Positive Finding LOINC Codes
Accountable Health Communities (AHC) Health-Related Social Needs (HRSN) Screening Tool	93030-5	LA33-6
American Academy of Family Physicians (AAFP) Social Needs Screening Tool	99594-4	LA33-6
Comprehensive Universal Behavior Screen (CUBS)	89569-8	LA29232-8, LA29233-6, LA29234-4
Health Leads Screening Panel®1	99553-0	LA33-6
Protocol for Responding to and Assessing Patients' Assets, Risks and Experiences [PRAPARE] ^{®1}	93030-5	LA30133-5, LA30134-3
PROMIS®1	92358-1	LA30024-6, LA30026-1, LA30027-9
WellRx Questionnaire	93671-6	LA33-6

¹Proprietary; may be cost or licensing requirement associated with use.

DENOMINATOR CODES

The initial population (members of any age enrolled at the start of the measurement period who also meet criteria for participation), minus exclusions.

Statin therapy for patients with cardiovascular disease (SPC) Males ages 21-75, Females ages 40-75

Measure description

The percentage of males ages 21-75 and females ages 40-75 who were identified as having clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) and:

- Received statin therapy. Dispensed at least one high or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year
- Statin adherence 80%. Remained on high or moderate-intensity statin medication for at least 80% of the treatment period.
 - *Statin adherence component does not apply to CMS Star Ratings for Medicare members (for MA QIP, this rate is not included in the calculation).

METHODOLOGY

Medical claim and/or encounter data and pharmacy claim

DEFINITIONS

Index Prescription Start Sate (IPSD): The earliest prescription dispensing date for any statin medication of at least moderate intensity during the measurement year

REQUIRES

- Males 21-75 years and females 40-75 years as of December 31 of the measurement year.
- Presence of clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) determined by:
 - **Event**: MI with an inpatient stay, CABG, PCI, other revascularization procedures in any setting during the year prior to the measurement year.
 - **Diagnosis**: Ischemic vascular disease (IVD) during both the measurement year and the year prior based on outpatient visits, telephone visits, e-visit/virtual check-in, at least one acute inpatient stay without telehealth, or at least one acute inpatient discharge.
- At least one dispensing event for a high-intensity or moderate-intensity statin medication during the measurement year.

MEDICATIONS

Description	Prescription
High-intensity statin therapy	 Atorvastatin 40-80 mg Amlodipine-atorvastatin 40-80 mg Rosuvastatin 20-40 mg Simvastatin 80 mg Ezetimibe-simvastatin 80 mg
Moderate-intensity statin therapy	 Atorvastatin 10-20 mg Amlodipine-atorvastatin 10-20 mg Fluvastatin 40-80 mg Lovastatin 40 mg Pitavastatin 1-4 mg Pravastatin 40-80 mg Rosuvastatin 5-10 mg Simvastatin 20-40 mg Ezetimibe-simvastatin 20-40 mg

Note: See more information see Statin use in persons with diabetes.

EXCLUSIONS

For members who meet exclusion criteria, documentation and submission of a claim using appropriate ICD-10 code must be done annually.

appropriate ICD-10 code must be done annually.			
Exclusions			
Any time during the measurement year	 Members in hospice or using hospice services Members who died Members receiving palliative care Myalgia, myositis, myopathy or rhabdomyolysis diagnosis: ICD-10-CM G72.0, G72.2, G72.9, M60.80, M60.811, M60.812, M60.819, M60.821, M60.822, M60.829, M60.831, M60.832, M60.839, M60.841, M60.842, M60.849, M60.851, M60.852, M60.859, M60.861, M60.862, M60.869, M60.871, M60.872, M60.879, M60.88, M60.89, M60.9, M62.82, M79.10, M79.11, M79.12, M79.18 Medicare members ages 66 and older as of Dec 31 of measurement year who are: Enrolled in an Institutional Special Needs Plan (I-SNP) Living long term in an institution 		
Any time during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year	 Cirrhosis: ICD-10-CM K70.30, K70.31, K71.7, K74.3, K74.4, K74.5, K74.60, K74.69, P78.81 End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD): ICD-10-CM N18.5, N18.6, Z99.2 Dialysis: CPT 90935, 90937, 90945, 90947, 90997, 90999, 99512. HCPCS G0257, S9339. ICD-10-PCS 3E1M39Z, 5A1D00Z, 5A1D60Z, 5A1D70Z, 5A1D80Z, 5A1D90Z Members with a diagnosis of pregnancy: Numerous codes (> 1,000 codes) In vitro fertilization (IVF): HCPCS S4015, S4016, S4018, S4020, S4021 Dispensed at least one prescription for clomiphene 		
Frailty: Diagnosis must be in the measurement year and on different dates of service AND Advanced illness: Diagnosis must be in the measurement year or year prior to the measurement year	 Members 66 years of age and older as of December 31 of the measurement year with BOTH frailty and advanced illness: • Frailty: At least 2 indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year. Numerous codes (>400) • Advanced Illness: Indicated by one of the following: Dispensed dementia medication:		

inpatient encounters on different dates service, with an advanced illness diagnosis (may be two different visit types). Numerous codes (>1000) At least one acute inpatient encounter with an advanced illness diagnosis. Numerous codes (>1000)
--

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet either of the following:
 - Enrolled in an institutional SNP (I-SNP) anytime during the measurement year
 - Living long-term in an institution anytime during the measurement year
- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with BOTH frailty and advanced illness.

Codes used in measure

DENOMINATOR CODES

Myocardial Infarction:

- **ICD-10-CM** I21.01, I21.02, I21.09, I21.11, I21.19, I21.21, I21.29, I21.3, I21.4, I21.9, I21.A1, I21.A9, I21.B, I22.0-I22.2, I22.8-I23.8, I25.2, I25.6

Other revascularization:

CPT 37220, 37221, 37224-37231

Outpatient, telehealth and acute inpatient visit:

- **CPT** 98966-98972, 98980, 98981, 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99221-99223, 99231-99236, 99238-99239, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99251-99255, 99291, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99421-99423, 99429, 99441-99443, 99455-99458 99483
- **HCPCS** G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, G2010, G2012, G2250, G2251, G2252, T1015

Large code sets:

- CABG
- PCI
- IVD
- Inpatient stay
- Non-acute inpatient stay

NUMERATOR CODES:

Large code sets:

- High- and moderate-intensity statin medications lists

Statin therapy for patients with diabetes (SPD) **Members 40-75 years of age**

Measure description

Measure is designed to assess the use of statins in patients with diabetes who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD).

METHODOLOGY

Medical claim and/or encounter data and pharmacy claim

DEFINITIONS

Index Prescription Start Sate (IPSD): The earliest prescription dispensing date for any statin medication of at least moderate intensity during the measurement year

REQUIRES

Presence of diabetes determined by claim/encounter data or by pharmacy data:

- Claim/encounter data: Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior
 - o Diabetes diagnosis in acute inpatient encounter or discharge.
 - Diabetes diagnosis in two outpatient visits, observation visits telephone visits, evisits/virtual check-ins, and/or nonacute inpatient encounters/discharges on different dates of service.
- Pharmacy data: At least one dispensing event for insulin or hypoglycemics/antihyperglycemics during the measurement year or the year prior.

Reported as two different rates:

- Those receiving at least one statin medication during the measurement year.
- Those remaining on the statin medication for 80% or more of the treatment period.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who received palliative care
 - **ICD-10-CM** code Z51.5
 - Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81
- Members who died
- Event in measurement year or year prior:
 - Members who did not have a diagnosis of diabetes and had a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes, or steroid-induced diabetes.
 - MI, CABG, PCI, or other revascularization
 - Intravascular disease
 - Pregnancy
 - In vitro fertilization
 - Dispensed clomiphene medication
 - ESRD or dialysis
 - Cirrhosis
- During measurement year, and must be documented every year:
 - Myalgia
 - Myositis
 - Myopathy
 - Rhabdomyolysis

Note: Supplemental and medical record data may not be used for these exclusions:

- Medicare members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who meet

either of the following:

- Enrolled in an institutional SNP (I-SNP) any time during the measurement year
- Living long-term in an institution any time during the measurement year
- Members 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year (all product lines) with frailty and advanced illness. Members must meet BOTH of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:
 - At least two indications of frailty with different dates of service during the measurement year
 - Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS code 81
 - Any of the following during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year (count services that occur over both years)
 - At least two outpatient visits, observation visits, ED visits, telephone visits, e-visits/virtual check-ins, non-acute inpatient encounters, or nonacute inpatient discharges on different dates of service with an advanced illness diagnosis (may be two different visit types)
 - o At least one acute inpatient encounter with an advanced illness diagnosis
 - At least one acute inpatient discharge with an advanced illness diagnosis
 - A dispensed dementia medication

Codes used in measure

DENOMINATOR CODES

Large code sets:

- Diabetes
- Diabetes medications list
- Inpatient stay
- Nonacute inpatient stay

Outpatient, telehealth and acute inpatient

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 98970-98972, 98980-98981, 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99221-99223, 99231-99236, 99238, 99239,99241-99245, 99251-99255, 99291,99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404,99411-99412,99412-99423, 99429,99441-99443, 99429, 99441-99443, 99455-99458, 99483
- HCPCS G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, G0210, G2012, G2250-G2252, T1015

NUMERATOR CODES:

Large code sets:

Statin medications lists

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES:

Large code sets:

- CABG
- PCI
- IVD
- Pregnancy
- IVF
- Estrogen agonists medications list
- Muscular pain and disease
- Advanced illness diagnosis
- Frailty diagnosis
- Dementia medication list

Myocardial infarction:

- **ICD-10-CM** I21.01, I21.02, I21.09, I21.11, I21.19, I21.21, I21.29, I21.3, I21.4, I21.9, I21.A1, I21.A9, I21.B I22.0-I22.2, I22.8-I23.8, I25.6

Old myocardial infarction:

- **ICD-10-CM** 125.2

Other revascularization:

CPT 37220, 37221, 37224-37231

ESRD:

- **ICD-10** N18.5, N18.6, Z99.2

Dialysis:

- **CPT** 90935, 90937, 90945, 90947, 90997, 90999, 99512
- **HCPCS** G0257, S9339
- **ICD-10-PCS** 3E1M39Z, 5A1D00Z, 5A1D60Z, 5A1D70Z, 5A1D80Z, 5A1D90Z

Cirrhosis:

- **ICD-10** K70.30, K70.31, K71.7, K74.3-K74.5, K74.60, K74.69, P78.81

Hospice intervention and encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003- G0182, Q5003- Q5008, Q5010, T2042-T2046

Palliative care:

- **HCPCS** G9054, M1017

Statin use in persons with diabetes (SUPD) Ages 40-75

Measure description

The percentage of members with diabetes ages 40 to 75 years who were dispensed at least one fill of a statin medication (any intensity) in the measurement year.

METHODOLOGY

Pharmacy claims

REQUIRES

- Ages 40-75 years. **Note**: Eligibility for the measure will be based on age at the start of the measurement year regardless of whether member ages in or out during the measurement year.
- Members with diabetes are defined as those who have at least two prescription fills of diabetes
 medications on different dates of service (DOS) with the first date of service of at least 90 days prior to end
 of the enrollment episode during the measurement year.
- Statin medication fill with a DOS during the measurement period.

Codes used in measure

DENOMINATOR CODES:

Large code set:

- Diabetes medications

NUMERATOR CODES:

Large code set:

- Statin medications list

EXCLUSION CODES:

For members who meet exclusion criteria, documentation and submission of a claim using appropriate ICD-10 code must be done annually.

	Exclusions
Any time during the measurement year	 Hospice enrollment Cirrhosis: K70.30, K70.31, K71.7, K74.3, K74.4, K74.5, K74.60, K74.69 End-stage renal disease (ESRD): I12.0, I13.11, I13.2, N18.5, N18.6, N19, Z91.15, Z99.2 Lactation: 091.03, 091.13, 091.23, 092.03, 092.13, 092.5, 092.70, 092.79, Z39.1 Polycystic ovarian syndrome (PCOS): E28.2 Prediabetes: R73.03, R73.09 Pregnancy: Numerous codes (>1,700 codes) Fertility: Pharmacy claim for Clomiphene adjudicated through Part D coverage during measurement year Rhabdomyolysis and myopathy: G72.0, G72.89, G72.9, M60.80, M60.819, M60.829, M60.839, M60.849, M60.859, M60.869, M60.879, M60.9, M62.82

More information about statins for Medicare Advantage members

Our formulary for Medicare Advantage members includes statin medications. The following cost estimates are based on a 30-day supply at a preferred pharmacy. Your patient may see additional savings if they receive a 100-day supply. Actual prices may vary depending on patient benefits, the pharmacy used and the coverage phase.

Formulary tier	Statins

Tier 1	Atorvastatin, Lovastatin, Pravastatin, Rosuvastatin, Simvastatin
Tier 2	Fluvastatin, Simvastatin-Ezetimab
Tier 3	Amlodipine-atorvastatin

Helping your patients begin statin therapy

Here are some common reasons why patients may not start statin therapy, and how you can work with them to find the right solution for them.

Reason for not starting or continuing statin therapy	Suggestions for discussion
Patient's cholesterol level is normal or good	Even if the patient does not have high cholesterol, there is strong evidence from studies that if a patient has diabetes and their LDL cholesterol is anywhere from 70 to 189 mg/dL, a moderate-intensity statin reduces incidence of heart attack and stroke significantly.
History of muscle pain from statin or patient cannot tolerate statins	 Consider the following options: Pause and restart the same statin at the same or lower dose once the muscle pain is resolved Try a different statin at a low dose Coenzyme Q10 supplement Alternate day dosing (be sure to update the prescription to reflect new directions so adherence will be assessed correctly) Vitamin D supplement if appropriate
	Notes: - For details, use the ACC's Statin Intolerance Tool at tools.acc.org/ StatinIntolerance - Pravastatin has the lowest incidence of myalgia Rosuvastatin is recommended for patients with cardiovascular disease and history of myalgia.

If a statin is appropriate for the patient, discuss the benefits of statin

More information

the past

Patient has refused statin therapy in

Here are additional resources if you have questions about statin therapy recommendations for your patients:

therapy again at their next appointment.

- American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes–2019: diabetesjournals.org/care/ issue/42/1
- Stone NJ, Robinson J, Lichtenstein AH, et al. 2013 ACC/AHA Guideline on Treatment of Blood Cholesterol to Reduce Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Risk in Adults: A Report of the American College of Cardiology/ American Heart Association Task Force on Practice Guidelines. Circulation. 2014; 129 (25 suppl 2): S1-45

- Khayznikov M, Hemachrandra K, Pandit R, Kumar A, Wang P, Glueck CJ. Statin Intolerance Because of Myalgia, Myositis, Myopathy, or Myonecrosis Can in Most Cases be Safely Resolved by Vitamin D *Supplementation*. N Am J Med Sci. 2015 Mar;7(3):86-93. doi: 10.4103/1947-2714.153919. PMID: 25838999; PMCID: PMC4382771

Transitions of care (TRC) Ages 18 and older

Measure description

An acute or non-acute inpatient admission discharge on or between January 1 and December 1 of the measurement year

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

Communication about admission to the member

Documentation of receipt of notification of inpatient admission on the day of admission through two days after admission in the outpatient chart (this indicator is reported based solely on medical record documentation); criteria can be met by any of the following:

- Communication between inpatient providers or staff and the member's PCP or ongoing care provider (e.g. phone call, e-mail, fax)
 - Note: If the notification comes from a fax, the date and time of transmission on the fax
 meets criteria for evidence that the provider was notified of the admission; no further
 signature or date stamp is needed
- Communication about admission between emergency department (ED) and the member's PCP or ongoing care provider (e.g. phone call, email, fax)
 - Note: If a PCP sends a patient to the ED, and the patient is subsequently admitted, it is
 not considered a notification of inpatient admission unless there is documentation
 indicating that the PCP was notified of the patient's admission
- Communication about admission to the member's PCP or ongoing care provider through a health information exchange, or an automated admission, discharge, and transfer (ADT) alert system, or a shared electronic medical record (EMR) system
 - Note: When a shared EMR is identified as the appropriate medical record, documentation of a "received date" is not required to meet criteria; evidence that the information was filed in the EMR and is accessible to the PCP or ongoing care provider on the day of admission through two days after admission meets criteria
- Communication about admission to the member's PCP or ongoing care provider from the member's health plan
- Documentation that the PCP or ongoing care provider admitted the member to the hospital
- Documentation that a specialist admitted the member to the hospital **and** notified the member's PCP or ongoing care provider.
- Indication that the PCP or ongoing care provider placed orders for tests and treatments during the member's inpatient stay.
- Documentation that the PCP or ongoing care provider performed a preadmission exam or received communication about a planned inpatient admission

Notes:

- The timeframe that the planned inpatient admission must be communicated is not limited to the day of admission through two days after the admission; documentation that the PCP or ongoing care provider performed a preadmission exam or received notification of a planned admission prior to the admit date also meets criteria
- The planned admission documentation or preadmission exam must clearly pertain to the denominator event

IDENTIFYING THE APPROPRIATE MEDICAL RECORD

Documentation **must** be in the outpatient medical record and include evidence of receipt of inpatient admission that includes the date when the documentation was received. (The only exception is for bullet #3 above).

Receipt of discharge information: Documentation of receipt of discharge information on the day of discharge through two days after discharge and must be in the appropriate medical record even when the primary care or ongoing provider is the discharging provider (this indicator is reported based solely on medical record documentation)

At minimum, the discharge information must include all the following:

- The practitioner responsible for the member's care during the inpatient stay
- Procedures or treatment provided
- Diagnosis at discharge
- Current medication list
- Testing results, or documentation of pending tests or no tests pending
- Instructions for patient care post-discharge

IDENTIFYING THE APPROPRIATE MEDICAL RECORD

Documentation must come from the outpatient medical record and include evidence of receipt of discharge information with the date when the documentation was received. (The only exception is for shared EMR systems, see note below).

Note: When a shared EMR is identified as the appropriate medical record, documentation of a "received date" is **not** required to meet criteria. Evidence that the information was filed in the EMR and is accessible to the PCP or ongoing care provider on the day of discharge through two days after discharge meets criteria.

Patient engagement after inpatient discharge: Documentation of patient engagement within 30 days of discharge provided in the outpatient chart; do not count the date of discharge

An outpatient visit, including office visits and home visits

- A telephone visit
- A synchronous telehealth visit where real-time interaction occurred between the member and provider using audio and video communication
- An e-visit or virtual check-in (asynchronous telehealth where two-way interaction, which was not real-time, occurred between the member and provider)

Notes:

- If the member is unable to communicate with the provider, interaction between the member's caregiver and the provider meets criteria
- Do not count patient engagement that occurs on the date of discharge.

Medication reconciliation post-discharge:

- Documentation of medication reconciliation on the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 total days)
- This is a type of review in which the discharge medications are reconciled with the most recent medication list in the outpatient medical record and needs to include the date medication reconciliation was performed
- Documentation in the outpatient medical record must include evidence of medication reconciliation conducted by a prescribing practitioner, clinical pharmacist, or registered

nurse, and the date when it was performed. Any of the following evidence meets criteria:

- Documentation of the current medications with a notation that the provider reconciled the current and discharge medications.
- Documentation of the current medications with a notation that references the discharge medications (e.g. no changes in medications since discharge, same medications at discharge, discontinue all discharge medications).
- Documentation of the member's current medications with a notation that the discharge medications were reviewed.
- Documentation of a current medication list, a discharge medication list, and notation that both lists were reviewed on the same date of service.
- Documentation of the current medications with evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up with evidence of medication reconciliation or review.
 Evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up requires documentation that indicates the provider was aware of the member's hospitalization or discharge.
- All records submitted should contain the admission and discharge date or otherwise identify
 that it is related to that hospitalization. Documentation of "post-op/surgery follow-up" without
 a reference to "hospitalization", "admission", or "inpatient stay" does not imply a
 hospitalization and is not considered evidence that the provider was aware of a
 hospitalization.
- The medication list must be included with the medical records
- If other staff in the office do not have the right credentials, the results must be reviewed and signed off by a prescribing provider, pharmacist or RN.
- The chart note must reflect the outcome of the reconciliation/comparison and clearly indicate that the office visit or interaction is related to the inpatient stay.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

Outpatient and telehealth visits:

- **CPT** 98966-98968,98970-98972,98980, 98981, 99202, 99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412,99421-99423, 99429, 99441-99458, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0071, G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, G2010, G2012, G2250, G2251, G2252, T1015

Medication reconciliation encounter:

- **CPT** 99483, 99495, 99496

Medication reconciliation:

- **CPT II** 1111F (Post-hospitalization reconciliation)

Transitional care management services:

- **CPT** 99495, 99496

DENOMINATOR CODES

Large code sets:

- Inpatient stay
- Non-acute inpatient stay

-

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Hospice encounter:
 - o **HCPCS** G9473, G9497, Q5003, Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046
- Hospice:
 - o CPT 99377,99378, HCPCS G0182

More information about medication reconciliation post-discharge (MRP)

Medical record documentation

Documentation in the outpatient medical record must include evidence of medication reconciliation and the date it was performed. Any of the following meet criteria:

- Documentation of the current medications (e.g., current medication list) with a notation that the provider reconciled the current and discharge medications
- Documentation of the current medications with a notation that references the discharge medications (e.g., "no changes in medication since discharge," "same medications at discharge," "discontinue all discharge medications")
- Documentation of the member's current medications with a notation that the discharge medications were reviewed
- Documentation of a current medication list, a discharge medication list and notation that both lists were reviewed on the same date of service
- Documentation of the current medications with evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge hospital follow-up with evidence of medication reconciliation or review. Evidence that the member was seen for post-discharge follow-up requires documentation that indicates that the provider was aware of the member's hospitalization or discharge.
- Documentation in the discharge summary that the discharge medications were reconciled with the most recent medication list in the outpatient medical record. There must be evidence that the discharge summary was filed in the outpatient chart on the date of discharge through 30 days after discharge (31 total days).
- Notation that no medications were prescribed or ordered upon discharge.

Notes:

- A discharge summary with a list of medications the patient should start, continue or stop taking is not considered evidence that the discharge medications were reconciled with the most recent medication list in the outpatient medical record and does not meet criteria for this measure because the medication instructions could be limited to the medications the patient was taking as an inpatient. If the discharge summary lists the medications the "patient was taking prior to admission" in addition to the discharge medications or states that "medication reconciliation" was performed or contains documentation that the discharge medications "were reconciled with the medications in the outpatient chart" this would meet criteria for medication reconciliation.
- Documentation of a procedure alone is not sufficient evidence to qualify for provider awareness of an inpatient stay, even if the procedure is typically performed in an inpatient setting or the provider is who performed the procedure.
- Providers should be using the words such as "hospitalization", "hospital follow-up",
 "admitted", "inpatient", "discharged", "went home",or the date the member was admitted and discharged

Transitional care management codes

Here are some guidelines for using transitional care management (TCM) codes for medication reconciliation. TCM codes can be submitted:

- When a patient is being discharged from an inpatient or outpatient hospital stay to home or to a nursing or rehabilitation facility, or
- When a patient is being discharged from a nursing or rehabilitation facility to home
- These codes are eligible for reimbursement even if the patient was discharged with home health services. TCM codes require:
 - Only one provider per admission may bill for the service

- Medication reconciliation either prior to or during the visit, by a prescribing provider, clinical pharmacist or registered nurse
- Documented interactive patient communication with the provider or clinic staff, or a visit with the provider within two business days of discharge
- If patient is readmitted within 30 days of the previous hospital stay, TCM codes may not be billed after the discharge for the readmission

Use CPT 99495 for a visit of moderate complexity that is within 14 calendar days of discharge. **Note**: The visit must meet both requirements.

Use CPT 99496 for a visit of high complexity that is within seven calendar days of discharge. **Note**: The visit must meet both requirements.

CMS has published information for you to learn about these codes: cms.gov/files/document/mln908628-transitional-care-management-services.pdf Weight assessment and counseling for nutrition and physical activity for children and adolescents (WCC)

Ages 3-17

Measure description

Measure addresses the health of the child by assessment of BMI percentile, nutritional habits and physical activity level for children and adolescents.

METHODOLOGY

Claims, encounter data and medical record review

REQUIRES

- Documentation of an office visit with PCP or OBGYN
- BMI percentile documentation
- Counseling for nutrition
- Counseling for physical activity

Notes:

- BMI requires height, weight and BMI percentile from the same data source. Percentile plotted on an age growth chart is accepted.
- BMI percentile documented as a value (e.g., 85th percentile is accepted)
- BMI percentile ranges or thresholds do not meet criteria
- Nutrition counseling requires a chart note discussing current nutrition behaviors, nutritional checklist, and/or counseling
- Physical activity counseling includes discussion of current physical activity, a physical activity checklist, counseling or referral for physical activity
- Member-reported biometric values (height, weight, BMI percentile) that were collected by the provider and documented in the medical record meet criteria
- The Counseling for Nutrition and Counseling for Physical Activity indicators do not require a specific setting. Therefore, services rendered during a telephone visit, e-visit or virtual check-in meet criteria.

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members who had a diagnosis of pregnancy
- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES

BMI percentile:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z68.51-Z68.54

Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Nutrition counseling:

- **CPT** 97802-97804
- **HCPCS** G0270, G0271, G0447, S9449 S9452, S9470
- **ICD-10-CM** Z71.3

Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Physical activity counseling:

- **HCPCS** G0447, S9451

Encounter for Physical Activity Counseling:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z02.5, Z71.82

Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

Telephone visit:

- **CPT** 98966-98968, 99441-99443

Online assessment: (E-visit or virtual check-in)

- **CPT** 98970-98972, 98980, 98981, 99421-99423, 99457, 99458
- **HCPCS** G0071, G2010, G2012, G2250-G2252

DENOMINATOR CODES

Outpatient visits:

- **CPT** 99202-99205, 99211-99215, 99241-99245, 99341-99345, 99347-99350, 99381-99387, 99391-99397, 99401-99404, 99411, 99412, 99429, 99455, 99456, 99483
- **HCPCS** G0402, G0438, G0439, G0463, T1015

REQUIRED EXCLUSION CODES

Large code set:

- Pregnancy value set

Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

- Hospice Intervention:
 - o **CPT** 99377, 99378
 - o **HCPCS** G0182
- Hospice Encounter:
 - o **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046
- Members who die during the measurement year

Well child visits in the first 30 months of life (W30) Ages 15-30 months during the measurement year

Measure description

Measure assesses the number of expected routine well child visits with a PCP during the last 15 months

- Children 0-15 months (who turned 15 months old during the measurement year) = Six or more well-child visits on or before the 15-month birthday
- Children 15-30 months (who turned 30 months old during the measurement year) = Two or more well-child visits between the child's 15-month birthday plus one day and the 30-month birthday

Note: The well-child visit must occur with a PCP, but does not have to be assigned to the child

METHODOLOGY

Claims and encounter data

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

- Members in hospice
- Members who died anytime during the measurement year

Codes used in measure

NUMERATOR CODES:

Encounter for well-care:

- **ICD-10-CM** Z00.00, Z00.01, Z00.110, Z00.111, Z00.121, Z00.129, Z00.2, Z00.3, Z01.411, Z01.419, Z02.5, Z76.1, Z76.2

Well care visits:

- **CPT** 99381-99385, 99391-99395, 99461
- **HCPCS** G0438, G0439, S0302, S0610, S0612, S0613

Note: Do not include laboratory claims with POS 81

REQUIRED EXCLUSIONS

Hospice encounter:

- **HCPCS** G9473-G9479, Q5003-Q5008, Q5010, S9126, T2042-T2046

Advance care planning (MA QIP measure)

Measure description

Assesses the percentage of all members who had an advance care planning conversation documented during the measurement year.

METHODOLOGY Medical claims

EXCLUSIONS None

Codes used in measure

CPT 99497, 99483 **CPT II** 1123F, 1124F, 1158F **HCPCS** S0257

Annual flu vaccine (AFV) (MA QIP member experience measure)

Measure description

Assesses the percentage of all members who received their flu vaccine during the measurement year as given or reported by the PCP.

METHODOLOGY Medical Claims

Note: Pharmacy claims do not create compliance for this measure.

EXCLUSIONS

None

Codes used in measure

Flu vaccine:

- **CPT** 90630, 90653-90658, 90660-90662, 90664, 90666-90668, 90672-90674, 90682, 90685-90689, 90694, 90756
- **HCPCS** G0008, G8482, Q2034-Q2039

Preventive care visits (MA QIP measure)

Measure description

Assesses the percentage of all members who had a preventive care visit or annual wellness visit during the measurement year.

METHODOLOGY Medical claims

EXCLUSIONS

None

Codes used in measure

Annual wellness visit:

- **HCPCS** G0438, G0439

Initial preventive physical examination:

- **HCPCS** G0402

Annual physical exam:

- **CPT** 99381-99387, 99391-99397

Appendix: Advanced illness and frailty exclusions

NCQA allows exclusions from select measures (listed below) when the member has advanced illness and frailty. Codes from the NCQA Advanced Illness Value Set and/or Frailty Value Sets for devices, diagnoses, encounters and symptoms are used to identify patients who can be removed from the impacted measures' eligible populations.

Notes:

- Appropriate and applicable coding using HEDIS-approved ICD-10-CM, CPT, and HCPCS codes on submitted claims is required to exclude patients for advanced illness and frailty.
- Medical records and other proof of service documents cannot be used to identify patients with advanced illness and frailty; however, they can be used for palliative care exclusions.

Measures and exclusions

The table below lists the patient criteria for exclusion and the measures affected.

If the Patient is:	They can be excluded from:
Age 66 and older with both advanced illness and frailty	 Breast cancer screening (BCS-E) Colorectal cancer screening (COL-E) Hemoglobin A1c control for patients with diabetes (HBD) Eye exam for patients with diabetes (EED)

Appendix: Advanced illness and frailty exclusions

NCQA allows exclusions from select measures (listed below) when the member has advanced illness and frailty. Codes from the NCQA Advanced Illness Value Set and/or Frailty Value Sets for devices, diagnoses, encounters and symptoms are used to identify patients who can be removed from the impacted measures' eligible populations.

Notes:

- Appropriate and applicable coding using HEDIS-approved ICD-10-CM, CPT, and HCPCS codes on submitted claims is required to exclude patients for advanced illness and frailty.
- Medical records and other proof of service documents cannot be used to identify patients with advanced illness and frailty; however, they can be used for palliative care exclusions.

Measures and exclusions

The table below lists the patient criteria for exclusion and the measures affected.

If the Patient is:	They can be excluded from:
Age 66 and older with both advanced illness and frailty	 Breast cancer screening (BCS-E) Colorectal cancer screening (COL-E) Hemoglobin A1c control for patients with diabetes (HBD) Eye exam for patients with diabetes (EED) Blood pressure control for patients with diabetes (BPD) Statin therapy for patients with diabetes (SPD) Statin therapy for patients with cardiovascular disease (SPC)
Age 66-80 with both advanced illness and frailty	Controlling blood pressure (CBP)Kidney health evaluation for patients with diabetes (KED)
Age 67-80 with both advanced illness and frailty	Osteoporosis management in women who have had a fracture (OMW)
Age 81 and older with frailty alone	 Controlling blood pressure (CBP) Kidney health evaluation for patients with diabetes (KED) Osteoporosis management in women who have had a fracture (OMW)

Exclusion criteria

Members must meet both of the following frailty and advanced illness criteria to be excluded:

Frailty is indicated by the following:

- At least two frailty diagnoses on different dates of service during the measurement year (See Frailty code list below)

Advanced illness is indicated by one of the following:

- At least two diagnoses of advanced illness on different dates of service during the measurement year or year prior. Do not include claims where the advanced illness diagnosis was from an independent lab (POS 81).
- Dispensed dementia medication donepezil, donepezil-memantine, galantamine, rivastigmine or memantine.

Advanced illness

DEMENTIA MEDICATIONS

A dementia medication dispensed during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year serves as an advanced illness identifier.

Medication type	Name
Cholinesterase inhibitors	Donepezil, Galantamine, Rivastigmine
Miscellaneous central nervous system agents	Memantine
Dementia combinations	Donepezil-memantine

ADVANCED ILLNESS CODES

Advanced Illness diagnosis codes must be billed on at least two different dates of service during the measurement year or the year prior to the measurement year.

Advanced illness ICD-10 code	Definition
A81.00-01, A81.09	Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease
C25.0-4, 7-9	Malignant neoplasm of pancreas
C71.0-9	Malignant neoplasm of brain
C77.0-5, 8-9	Secondary and unspecified malignant neoplasm of lymph nodes
C78.00-2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung
C78.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum
C78.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura
C78.30, C78.39	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other respiratory or other organs
C78.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of small intestine
C78.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum
C78.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of

Advanced illness ICD-10 code	Definition
	retroperitoneum and peritoneum
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct
C78.80, C78.89	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified or other digestive organs
C79.00-02	Secondary malignant neoplasm of kidney and renal pelvis
C79.10-11, C79.19	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bladder and other urinary organs
C79.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of skin
C79.31	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain
C79.32	Secondary malignant neoplasm of cerebral meninges
C79.40, C79.49	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified or other parts of nervous system
C79.51	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone
C79.52	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone marrow
C79.60	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified ovary
C79.61	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right ovary
C79.62	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left ovary
C79.63	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bilateral ovaries
C79.70	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified adrenal gland
C79.71	Secondary malignant neoplasm of right adrenal gland
C79.72	Secondary malignant neoplasm of left adrenal gland
C79.81	Secondary malignant neoplasm of breast
C79.82	Secondary malignant neoplasm of genital organs
C79.89	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other specified sites
C79.9	Secondary malignant neoplasm of unspecified site
C91.00, C92.00, C93.00, C93.90, C93.Z0, C94.30	Leukemia not having achieved remission
C91.02, C92.02, C93.02, C93.92, C93.Z2, C94.32	Leukemia in relapse

Advanced illness ICD-10 code	Definition
F01.50, F01.51, F01.511, F01.518, F01.52-54, F01.A0, F01.A11, F01.A18, F01.A2-4, F01.B0, F01.B11, F01.B18, F01.B2-4, F01.C0, F01.C11, F01.C18, F01.C2-4, F02.80, F02.81, F02.811, F02.818, F02.82-84, F02.A0, F02.A11, F02.A18, F02.A2-4, F02.B11, F02.B18, F02.B2-4, F02.C0, F02.C11, F02.C18, F02.C2-4, F03.90, F03.91, F03.911, F03.918, F03.92- 94, F03.A0, F03.A11, F03.A18, F03.A2-4, F03.B0, F03.B11, F03.B18, F03.B2-4, F03.C0, F03.C11, F03.C18, F03.C2-4, G31.09, G31.83	Dementia
F04	Amnestic disorder due to known physiological condition
F10.27, 96-97	Alcohol-induced persisting amnestic disorder or dementia
G30.0, G30.1, G30.8, G30.9	Alzheimer's disease
G10	Huntington's disease
G12.21	Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis
G20	Parkinson's disease
G31.01	Pick's disease
G35	Multiple sclerosis
109.81, 111.0, 113.0, 113.2, 150.20- 23, 150.30-33, 150.40-43, 150.810-814	Heart failure
I12.0, I13.11, I13.2, N18.5	Chronic kidney disease, stage 5
150.1	Left ventricular failure, unspecified
J43.0-2, J43.8-9, J98.2-3	Emphysema
J68.4	Chronic respiratory conditions due to chemicals, gases, fumes and vapors
J84.10, J84.112, J84.17, J84.170 J84.178	Pulmonary fibrosis
J96.10-12, J96.20-22, J96.90 - .92	Respiratory failure
K70.10-K70.9, K70.41, K70.9	Alcoholic hepatic disease
K74.0-K74.2, K74.4-K74.69,	Hepatic disease, cirrhosis
N18.5, N18.6	End stage renal disease

FrailtyFrailty codes must be billed in the measurement year and include two indications of frailty with different dates of service.

Frailty CPT code	Definition
99504	Home visit for mechanical ventilation care
99509	Home visit for assistance with activities of daily living and personal care
Frailty HCPCS code	Definition
E0100, E0105	Cane
E0130-E0149	Walker
E0163 -E0171	Commode chair
E0250-E0270, E0290-E0297, E0301-E0304	Hospital bed
E0424-E0444	Oxygen
E0462	Rocking bed with or without side rails
E0465, E0466	Home ventilator
E0470-2	Respiratory assist device
E1130, E1140, E1150, E1160, E1161, E1170, E1171, E1172, E1180, E1190, E1195, E1200, E1220, E1240, E1250, E1260, E1270, E1280, E1285, E1290, E1295, E1296, E1297, E1298	Wheelchair
G0162, G0299, G0300, G0493-4	Skilled RN services related to home health/hospice setting
S0271	Physician management of patient home care, hospice
S0311	Management and coordination for advanced illness
S9123, S9124, T1000-5, T1019-T1022, T1030, T1031	Nursing, respite care, and personal care services

Frailty ICD-10 code	Definition
L89.000-L89.96	Pressure ulcer
M62.50	Muscle wasting and atrophy, not elsewhere classified, unspecified
M62.81	Muscle weakness (generalized)
M62.84	Sarcopenia
R26.2	Difficulty in walking, not elsewhere classified
R26.89	Other abnormalities of gait and mobility
R26.9	Unspecified abnormalities of gait and mobility
R53.1	Weakness

Frailty ICD-10 code	Definition
R53.81	Other malaise
R54	Age-related physical debility
R62.7	Adult failure to thrive
R63.4	Abnormal weight loss
R63.6	Underweight
R64	Cachexia
W01.0XXA-W01.198S, W06.XXXA- W10.9XXS, W18.00XA-W19.XXXS	Fall
Y92.199	Unspecified place in other specified residential institution as the place of occurrence of the external cause
Z59.3	Problems related to living in residential institution
Z73.6	Limitation of activities due to disability
Z74.01	Bed confinement status
Z74.09	Other reduced mobility
Z74.1	Need for assistance with personal care
Z74.2	Need for assistance at home and no other household member able
Z74.3	Need for continuous supervision
Z74.8-9	Problems related to care provider dependency
Z91.81	History of falling
Z99.11	Dependence on respirator [ventilator] status
Z99.3	Dependence on wheelchair
Z99.81	Dependence on supplemental oxygen
Z99.89	Dependence on other enabling machines and devices